Parasite Management and Western Range Breeds

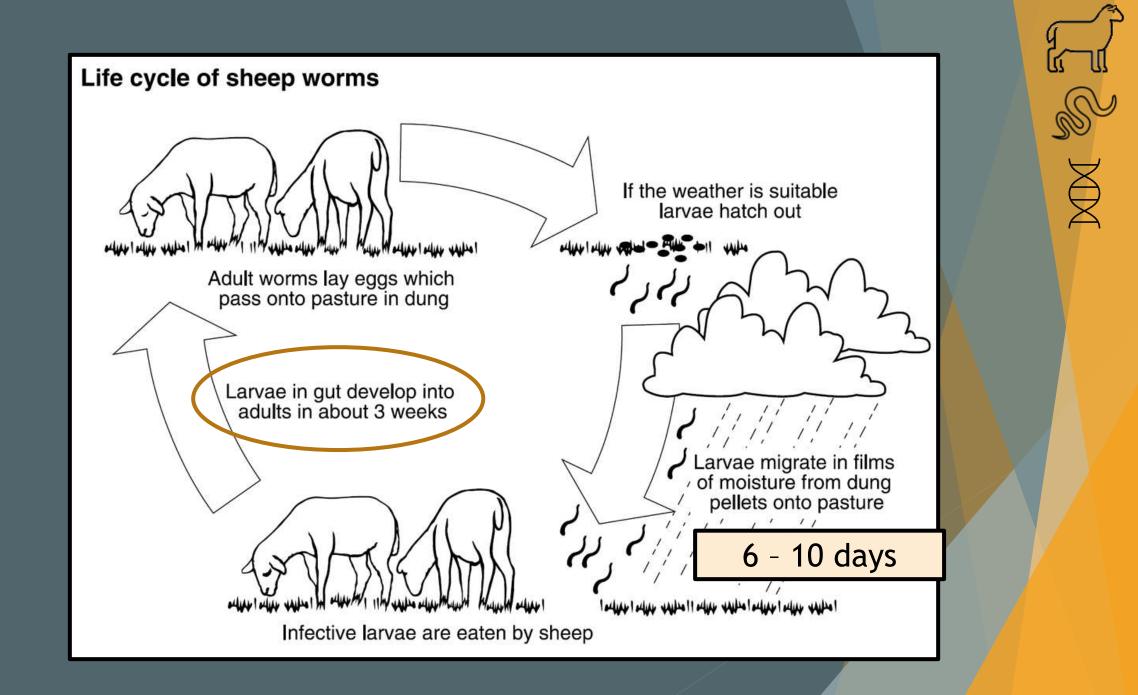
Jake Thorne Texas A&M AgriLife University of Idaho

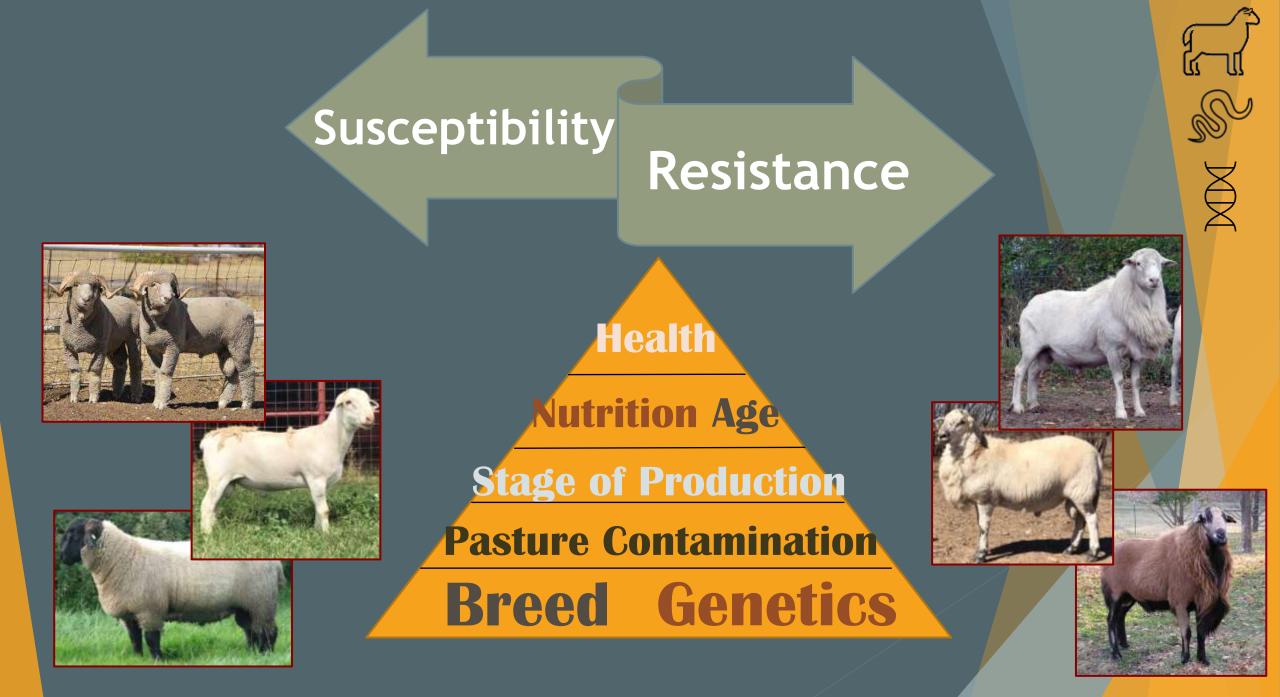
Gastrointestinal Nematodes

- Haemonchus contortus
- Blood feeder
- High fecundity 10,000 eggs/day!
- Causes anemia, bottle jaw, death
 Teladorsagia
 Trichostrongylus









Barber's Pole Worm & Arid environments Barber's Pole need: Mies **U.S.** Sheep and Lamb Inventory • Warm weather (50-90F) • Forage • Moisture (rain, dew) **BP in the West:** • Irrigated fields • Smaller pastures/traps 1 dot = Constant grazing 1k Sheep • Not "every year" .0 United States Tota 5 819 162 U.S. Department of Agriculture, National Agricultural Statistics Service







5,000 epg x 1000 g of feces = 5,000,000

Treatment for Parasites

Three classes of dewormers

- Nicotinic Agonists Levamisole, Prohibit
- <u>Macrocyclic Lactones</u> Cydectin, Ivermectin
- Benzimidazoles Valbazen, Safe-Guard
- Resistance to ALL classes in the United States - Kaplan, 2004
 - Copper Oxide Wire Particle Bolus
 - Adult Barber's Pole



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General News:

Of the utmost importance to the livestock industry is the care and well being of our livestock. We all use different medications in our attempt to raise quality livestock and provide a safe and healthy product to the consumer. Recently I was visited by an investigator of the FDA at Producers Livestock who was attempting to do a traceback on a goat that showed moxidectin (Cydectin) residue in its carcass when slaughtered. **This chemical is not approved for use in goats.** One may think because a chemical is approved for sheep that it is approved for

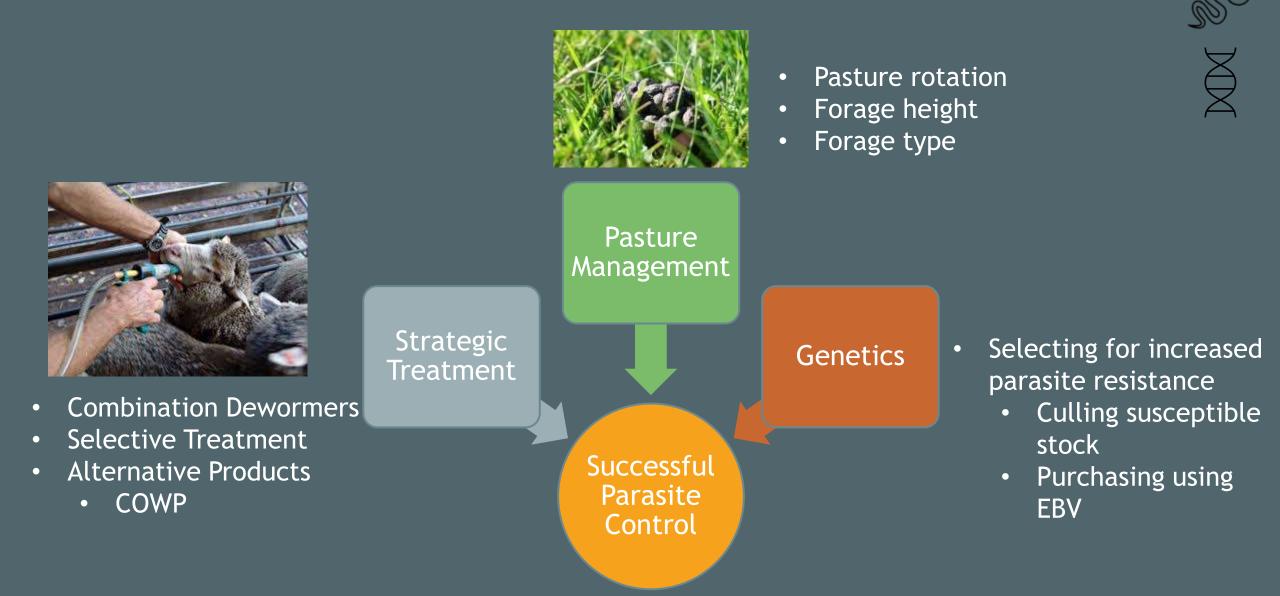
goats. This is not always the case.

The result of an innocent mistake with a chemical can have disastrous consequences for the market. The FDA threatened to issue an injuction against the market that sold the animal and/or the buyer of the animal that was sold to a packer if they can determine where or from whom the animal came, even though that market or buyer never gave the medicine in question to the animal in question. Should an injunction be levied against a market or buyer, it will put a livestock market and/or buyer out of commission and this will almost definitely have a severe detrimental affect on the price of all sheep and goats.

There is a simple answer to avoiding a problem like this. Please read the label and do your homework before using anything on or in your animals!

We must all help to take care of the markets we have worked so hard to create and maintain and be certain we are providing the top quality product we all want to grow and harvest for the American public. *Charley Christensen, Gen Mgr. 325-234-4939*

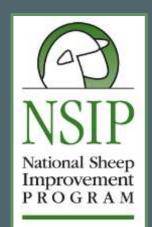
Integrative Management

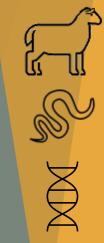




Who is the most susceptible?

National Sheep Improvement Program



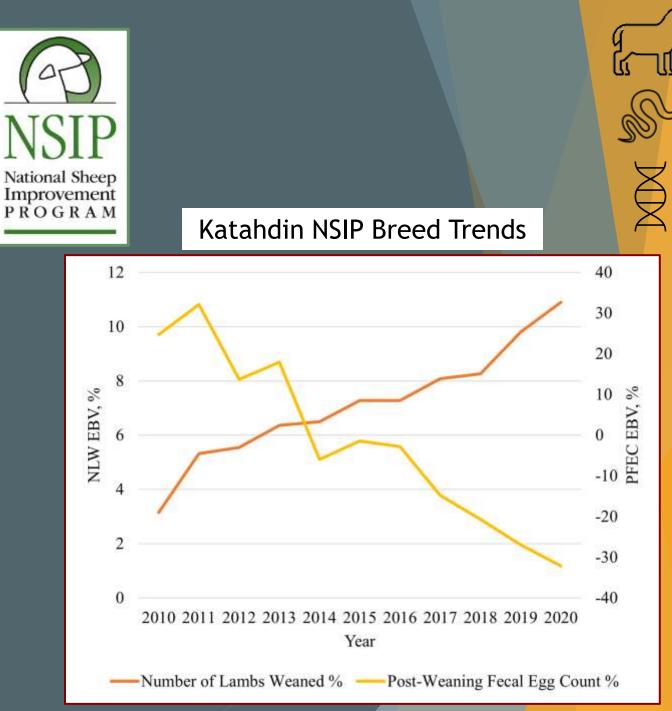


Estimated Breeding Values

- Weaning/Postweaning FEC
- Increasing accuracy with MORE data
- TAMU Resource Flock
 - "Melting pot of industry Rambouillet flocks"
 - Yearly egg counts submitted



National Sheep Improvement Program



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Ram "L" -> FEC EBV = -9.2%





X

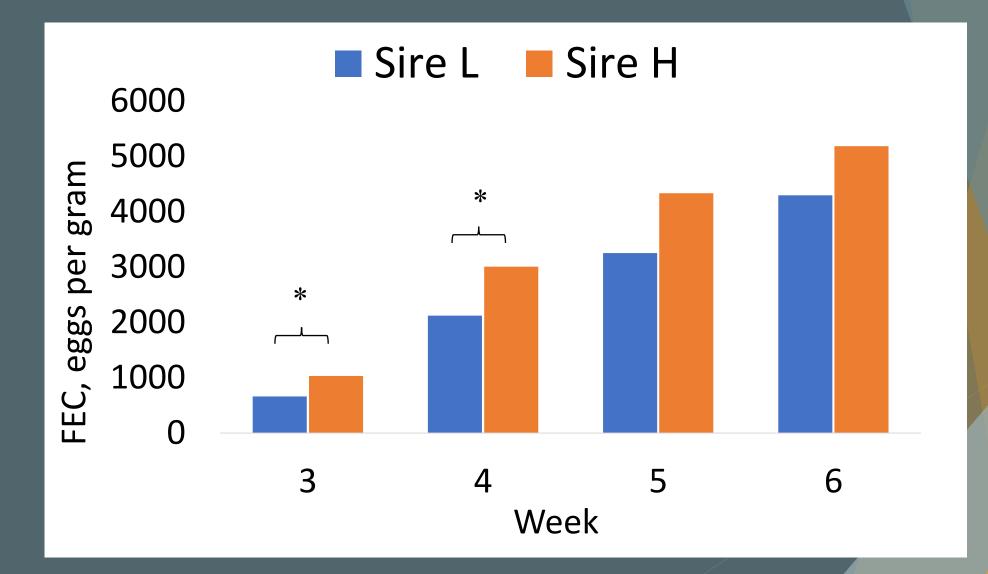
X

Ram "H" -> FEC EBV = +9.0%





Artificial Parasite Challenge - Results



Artificial Parasite Challenge - Results

Wool Analysis

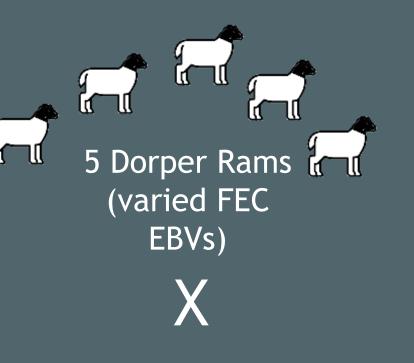
- Fleece Weight
- Staple Length
- Fiber Diameter
- Fiber Diameter Standard Deviation







Current Research



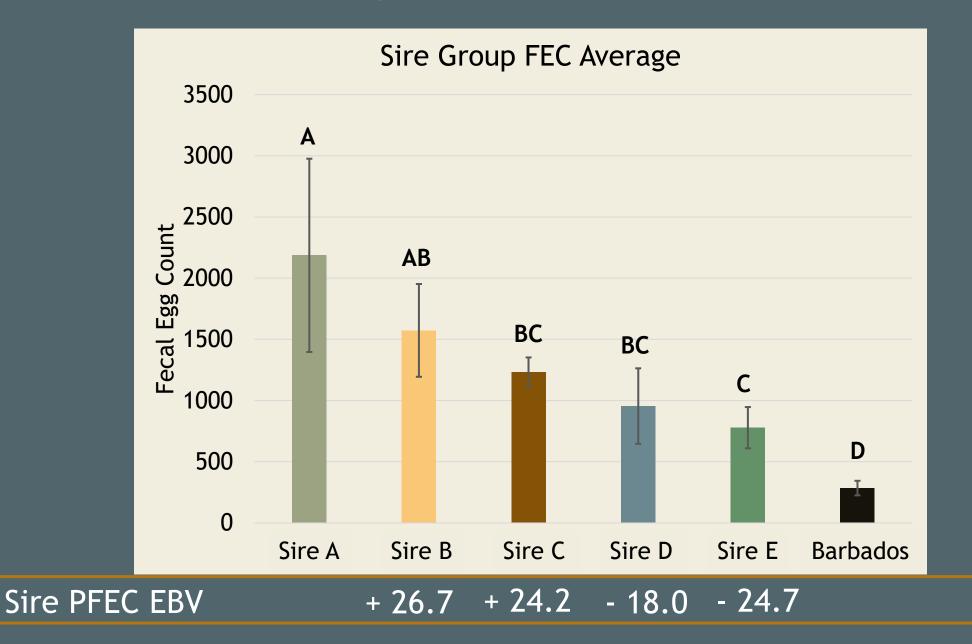
TAMU Dorper Research Flock





- 1. Place lambs in worm-free environment
- 2. Inoculate all lambs with the same amount of Barbers Pole Worm larvae
- 3. Measure response over 35 d (5 weekly collections)
 - Fecal Egg Counts
 - Packed-cell Volume
 - Antibody levels

Results - FEC by Sire





Fecal Egg Counting - Genetic Selection



<u>Step 1</u>

Identify a contemporary group of animals to test (Ideally "postweaned" lambs)



Step 2

Collect a sample from all lambs and analyze for FEC

<u>Several US FEC Labs</u> \$5/sample Minimum of 20

Step 3

Use FEC information to identify outlier animals - manage as necessary

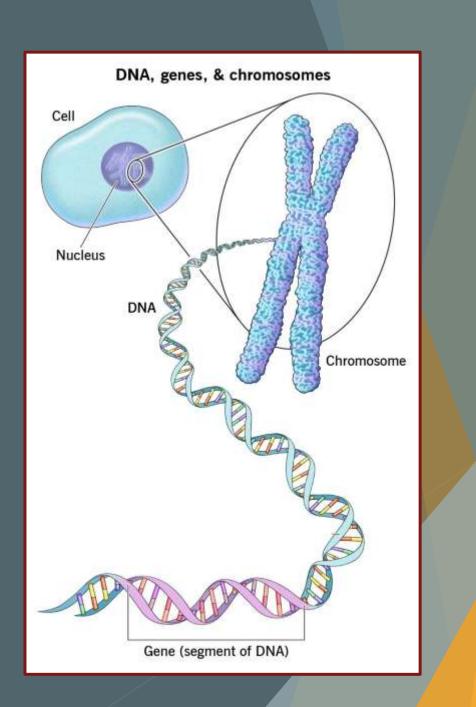
Eliminate "super spreaders" Step 4

Enroll in NSIP and regularly submit data



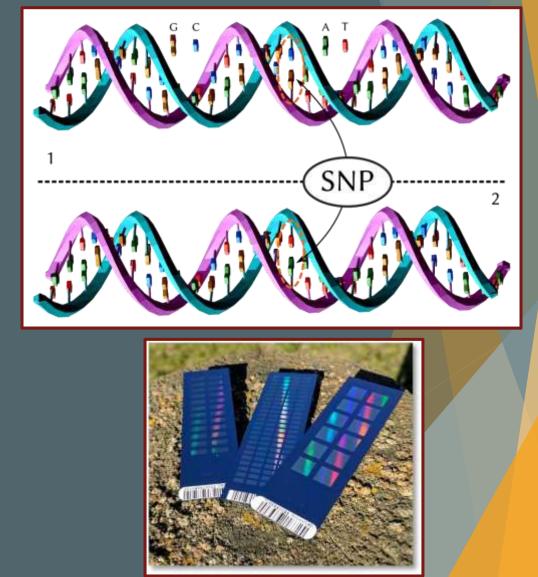
Genomic Technology

Molecular - DNA Analysis Marker Assisted Selection Scrapie Susceptibility Spider Lamb ► Horn/Poll Genomic EBVs Molecular + Quantitative Goal of sheep GEMS



Genomic Markers

- 1. Genome Wide Association Studies (GWAS)
- 2. Marker effects in American breeds/populations
- 3. Inclusion on a commercially available panel



Where to learn more?

<u>Websites</u>

- https://www.wormx.info/
- http://www.wormboss.com.au/sheep-goats/

<u>Videos</u>

- Texas A&M AgriLife Sheep and Goat Extension
 Facebook/YouTube
 - https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCJNtV hyg2crdb4GIrDP891Q

Podcasts

- American Sheep Industry Association Research Update
 - https://soundcloud.com/user-637754734
 - Sheep Connect New South Wales
 - https://www.sheepconnectnsw.com.au/



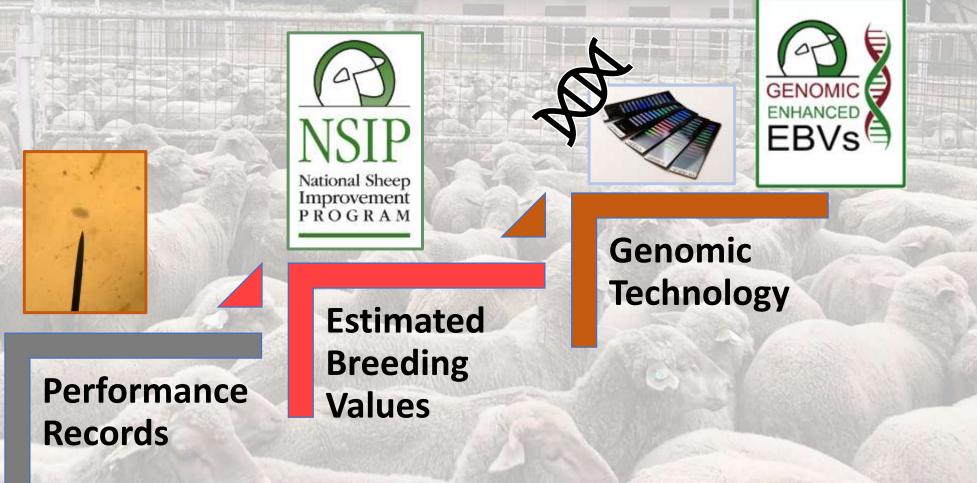








"We cannot solve our problems with the same thinking we used when we created them" – A. Einstein



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